DR. A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY LUCKNOW



Evaluation Scheme & Syllabus

For

B.Tech. 2nd Year (Information Technology)

On

AICTE MODEL CURRICULUM

(Effective from the Session: 2018-19)

DR. A.P.J. ABDUL KALAM TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY LUCKNOW

B.TECH (INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY)

SEMESTER-III

Sl. No.	Subject	Subject	P	erio	ds	Ev	aluatio	on Scher	ne	Ei Sem		Total	al Credit
110.	Codes		L	Т	P	CT	TA	Total	PS	TE	PE		
1	KOE031- 38	Engineering Science Course [ESC]	3	0	0	30	20	50		100		150	3
2	KAS301	Technical Communication	2	0	2	30	20	50		100		150	3
3	KCS301	Data Structure	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
4	KCS302	Computer Organization and Architecture	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
5	KCS303	Discrete Structures & Theory of Logic	3	1	0	30	20	50		100		150	4
6	KCS351	Data Structures Using C Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
7	KCS352	Computer Organization Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
8	KCS353	Discrete Structure & Logic Lab	0	0	2				25		25	50	1
9	KCS354	Mini Project or Internship Assessment*	0	0	2			50				50	1
10	KNC301/ KNC302	Cyber Security/Environmental Science	2	0	0	15	10	25		50			NC ⁺
11		MOOCs (Essential for Hons. Degree)											
		Total	14	3	10							950	22

^{*}The Mini Project or internship (3-4 weeks) conducted during summer break after II semester and will be assessed during III semester.

NC⁺: **Non Credit Course**

SEMESTER-IV End **Subject** Periods **Evaluation Scheme Total** Sl. Semester Subject Credit No. **Codes** T P CT TA Total TE L PS PE KAS401 Maths-IV^{\$} KVE401 Universal Human Values Operating Systems KCS401 Theory of Automata and KCS402 Formal Languages Web Designing KIT401 Operating Systems Lab KCS451 KIT 451 Web Designing Lab Python Language KCS453 Programming Lab

 $0 \mid 0$

3 6

 NC^{+}

\$ This Course will be based on statistics and probability theory

Environmental

Hons. Degree)

Total

Science/Cyber Security

MOOCs (Essential for

KNC402/

KNC401

B.TECH. (COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING) THIRD SEMESTER (DETAILED SYLLABUS)

DATA STRUCTURE (KCS301)							
Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Leve							
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand						
CO 1	CO 1 Describe how arrays, linked lists, stacks, queues, trees, and graphs are represented in memo used by the algorithms and their common applications.		K ₁ , K ₂				
CO 2	Discuss the computational efficiency of the sorting and searching	algorithms.	\mathbf{K}_{2}				
CO 3	Implementation of Trees and Graphs and perform various operations on these data structure.						
CO 4	removal of recursion.	•	K ₄				
CO 5	Identify the alternative implementations of data structures with solve a real world problem.	respect to its performance to	K ₅ , K ₆				
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-1-0				
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture				
I	Introduction: Basic Terminology, Elementary Data Organization, Built in Data Types in C. Algorithm, Efficiency of an Algorithm, Time and Space Complexity, Asymptotic notations: Big Oh, Big Theta and Big Omega, Time-Space trade-off. Abstract Data Types (ADT)						
II	Arrays : Definition, Single and Multidimensional Arrays, Representation of Arrays: Row Major Order, and Column Major Order, Derivation of Index Formulae for 1-D,2-D,3-D and n-D Array						
Ш	Searching: Concept of Searching, Sequential search, Index Sequential Search, Binary Search.						
IV	Graphs: Terminology used with Graph, Data Structure for Graph Representations: Adjacency Matrices, Adjacency List, Adjacency. Graph Traversal: Depth First Search and Breadth First Search, Connected Component, Spanning Trees, Minimum Cost Spanning Trees: Prims and Kruskal algorithm. Transitive Closure and Shortest Path algorithm: Warshal Algorithm and Dijikstra Algorithm.						
V	Stacks: Abstract Data Type, Primitive Stack operations: Push & Pop, Array and Linked Implementation of Stack in C, Application of stack: Prefix and Postfix Expressions, Evaluation of postfix expression, Iteration and Recursion-Principles of recursion, Tail recursion, Removal of recursion Problem solving using iteration and recursion with examples such as binary search, Fibonacci numbers, and Hanoi towers. Tradeoffs between iteration and recursion. Queues: Operations on Queue: Create, Add, Delete, Full and Empty, Circular queues, Array and linked implementation of queues in C, Dequeue and Priority Queue.						

- 1. Aaron M. Tenenbaum, Yedidyah Langsam and Moshe J. Augenstein, "Data Structures Using C and C++", PHI
 - Learning Private Limited, Delhi India
- 2. Horowitz and Sahani, "Fundamentals of Data Structures", Galgotia Publications Pvt Ltd Delhi India.
- 3. Lipschutz, "Data Structures" Schaum's Outline Series, Tata McGraw-hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Thareja, "Data Structure Using C" Oxford Higher Education.
- 5. AK Sharma, "Data Structure Using C", Pearson Education India.
- 6. Rajesh K. Shukla, "Data Structure Using C and C++" Wiley Dreamtech Publication.
- 7. Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, David M. Mount "Data Structures and Algorithms in C++", Wiley India.
- 8. P. S. Deshpandey, "C and Data structure", Wiley Dreamtech Publication.
- 9. R. Kruse etal, "Data Structures and Program Design in C", Pearson Education.
- 10. Berztiss, AT: Data structures, Theory and Practice, Academic Press.
- 11. Jean Paul Trembley and Paul G. Sorenson, "An Introduction to Data Structures with applications", McGraw Hill.
- 12. Adam Drozdek "Data Structures and Algorithm in Java", Cengage Learning

Computer Organization and Architecture (KCS302)					
Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Leve					
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand				
CO 1 Study of the basic structure and operation of a digital computer system.					
CO 2	CO 2 Analysis of the design of arithmetic & logic unit and understanding of the fixed point and floating-point arithmetic operations.				
CO 3	Implementation of control unit techniques and the concept of Pipelining	K ₃			
CO 4		K_2			
CO 5	Understanding the different ways of communicating with I/O devices and standard I/O interfaces	K ₂ , K ₄			
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0			
Unit	it Topic				
Introduction: Functional units of digital system and their interconnections, buses, bus architecture, types of buses and bus arbitration. Register, bus and memory transfer. Processor organization, general registers organization, stack organization and addressing modes.					
II	Arithmetic and logic unit: Look ahead carries adders. Multiplication: Signed operand				
III	Control Unit: Instruction types, formats, instruction cycles and sub cycles (fetch and execute etc), micro operations, execution of a complete instruction. Program Control, Reduced Instruction Set Computer, Pipelining. Hardwire and micro programmed control: micro programme sequencing, concept of horizontal and vertical microprogramming.				
IV	Memory: Basic concept and hierarchy, semiconductor RAM memories, 2D & 2 1/2D memory				
V	Input / Output: Peripheral devices, I/O interface, I/O ports, Interrupts: interrupt hardware, types of				

- 1. Computer System Architecture M. Mano
- 2. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky Computer Organization, McGraw-Hill, Fifth Edition, Reprint 2012
- 3. John P. Hayes, Computer Architecture and Organization, Tata McGraw Hill, Third Edition, 1998. Reference books
- 4. William Stallings, Computer Organization and Architecture-Designing for Performance, Pearson Education, Seventh edition, 2006.
- 5. Behrooz Parahami, "Computer Architecture", Oxford University Press, Eighth Impression, 2011.
- 6. David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy, "Computer Architecture-A Quantitative Approach", Elsevier, a division of reed India Private Limited, Fifth edition, 2012
- 7. Structured Computer Organization, Tannenbaum(PHI)

	Discrete Structures & Theory of Logic (KCS303)				
Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Leve					
At the end of course, the student will be able to understand					
CO 1 Write an argument using logical notation and determine if the argument is or is not valid.		K ₃ , K ₄			
CO 2	Understand the basic principles of sets and operations in sets.				
CO 3	Demonstrate an understanding of relations and functions and be able to determine their properties.				
CO 4	Description of the control of the co	K _{1,} K ₄			
CO 5	Model problems in Computer Science using graphs and trees.	K ₂ , K ₆			
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0			
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture			
I	Set Theory: Introduction, Combination of sets, Multisets, Ordered pairs. Proofs of some general identities on sets. Relations: Definition, Operations on relations, Properties of relations, Composite Relations, Equality of relations, Recursive definition of relation, Order of relations. Functions: Definition, Classification of functions, Operations on functions, Recursively defined functions. Growth of Functions. Natural Numbers: Introduction, Mathematical Induction, Variants of Induction, Induction with				
II	Nonzero Base cases. Proof Methods, Proof by counter – example, Proof by contradiction. Algebraic Structures: Definition, Groups, Subgroups and order, Cyclic Groups, Cosets, Lagrange's theorem, Normal Subgroups, Permutation and Symmetric groups, Group Homomorphisms, Definition and elementary properties of Rings and Fields.				
III	Lattices: Definition, Properties of lattices – Bounded, Complemented, Modular and Complete lattice. Boolean Algebra: Introduction, Axioms and Theorems of Boolean algebra, Algebraic manipulation of Boolean expressions. Simplification of Boolean Functions, Karnaugh maps, Logic gates, Digital circuits and Boolean algebra.				
IV	Propositional Logic: Proposition, well formed formula, Truth tables, Tautology, Satisfiability, Contradiction, Algebra of proposition, Theory of Inference. (8) Predicate Logic: First order predicate, well formed formula of predicate, quantifiers, Inference theory of predicate logic.				
V Text bo	Trees: Definition, Binary tree, Binary tree traversal, Binary search tree. V Graphs: Definition and terminology, Representation of graphs, Multigraphs, Bipartite graphs, Planar graphs, Isomorphism and Homeomorphism of graphs, Euler and Hamiltonian paths, Graph coloring, Recurrence Relation & Generating function: Recursive definition of functions, Recursive algorithms, Method of solving recurrences. Combinatorics: Introduction, Counting Techniques, Pigeonhole Principle				

- 1.Koshy, Discrete Structures, Elsevier Pub. 2008 Kenneth H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications, 6/e, McGraw-Hill, 2006.
- 2. B. Kolman, R.C. Busby, and S.C. Ross, Discrete Mathematical Structures, 5/e, Prentice Hall, 2004.
- 3.E.R. Scheinerman, Mathematics: A Discrete Introduction, Brooks/Cole, 2000.
- 4.R.P. Grimaldi, Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics, 5/e, Addison Wesley, 2004
- 5. Liptschutz, Seymour, "Discrete Mathematics", McGraw Hill.
- 6. Trembley, J.P & R. Manohar, "Discrete Mathematical Structure with Application to Computer Science", McGraw Hill.
- 4. Deo, 7. Narsingh, "Graph Theory With application to Engineering and Computer. Science.", PHI.
- 8. Krishnamurthy, V., "Combinatorics Theory & Application", East-West Press Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

Data Structure using C Lab (KCS351)

Write C Programs to illustrate the concept of the following:

- 1. Sorting Algorithms-Non-Recursive.
- 2. Sorting Algorithms-Recursive.
- 3. Searching Algorithm.
- 4. Implementation of Stack using Array.
- 5. Implementation of Queue using Array.
- 6. Implementation of Circular Queue using Array.
- 7. Implementation of Stack using Linked List.
- 8. Implementation of Queue using Linked List.
- 9. Implementation of Circular Queue using Linked List.
- 10. Implementation of Tree Structures, Binary Tree, Tree Traversal, Binary Search Tree, Insertion and Deletion in BST.
- 11. Graph Implementation, BFS, DFS, Minimum cost spanning tree, shortest path algorithm.

Computer Organization Lab (KCS352)

- 1. Implementing HALF ADDER, FULL ADDER using basic logic gates
- 2. Implementing Binary -to -Gray, Gray -to -Binary code conversions.
- 3. Implementing 3-8 line DECODER.
- 4. Implementing 4x1 and 8x1 MULTIPLEXERS.
- 5. Verify the excitation tables of various FLIP-FLOPS.
- 6. Design of an 8-bit Input/ Output system with four 8-bit Internal Registers.
- 7. Design of an 8-bit ARITHMETIC LOGIC UNIT.
- 8. Design the data path of a computer from its register transfer language description.
- 9. Design the control unit of a computer using either hardwiring or microprogramming based on its register transfer language description.
- 10. Implement a simple instruction set computer with a control unit and a data path.

Discrete Structure & Logic Lab (KCS353)

- 1. Introduction to digital electronics lab- nomenclature of digital ICs, specifications, study of the data sheet, Concept of Vcc and ground, verification of the truth tables of logic gates using TTL ICs.
- 2. Implementation of the given Boolean function using logic gates in both SOP and POS forms.
- 3. Verification of state tables of RS, JK, T and D flip-flops using NAND & NOR gates.
- 4. Implementation and verification of Decoder using logic gates.
- 5. Implementation and verification of Encoder using logic gates.
- 6. Implementation of 4:1 multiplexer using logic gates.
- 7. Implementation of 1:4 demultiplexer using logic gates.
- 8. Implementation of 4-bit parallel adder using 7483 IC.
- 9. Design, and verify the 4-bit synchronous counter.
- 10. Design, and verify the 4-bit asynchronous counter.

B.TECH. (COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING)

FOURTH SEMESTER (DETAILED SYLLABUS)

	Operating system (KCS401)				
Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Leve					
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand				
CO 1	Understand the structure and functions of OS	K _{1.} K ₂			
CO 2		K ₁ , K ₂			
CO 3	Understand the principles of concurrency and Deadlocks	K_2			
CO 4	Learn various memory management scheme	K_2			
CO 5	Study I/O management and File systems.	K ₂ ,K ₄			
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0			
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture			
I	Introduction: Operating system and functions, Classification of Operating systems- Batch, Interactive, Time sharing, Real Time System, Multiprocessor Systems, Multiuser Systems, Multiprocess Systems, Multithreaded Systems, Operating System Structure- Layered structure, System Components, Operating System services, Reentrant Kernels, Monolithic and Microkernel Systems.				
II	Concurrent Processes: Process Concept, Principle of Concurrency, Producer / Consumer Problem, Mutual Exclusion, Critical Section Problem, Dekker's solution, Peterson's solution, Semaphores, Test and Set operation; Classical Problem in Concurrency- Dining Philosopher Problem, Sleeping Barber Problem; Inter Process Communication models and Schemes, Process generation.				
III	CPU Scheduling: Scheduling Concepts, Performance Criteria, Process States, Process Transition Diagram, Schedulers, Process Control Block (PCB), Process address space, Process identification information, Threads and their management, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiprocessor Scheduling. Deadlock: System model, Deadlock characterization, Prevention, Avoidance and detection, Recovery from deadlock.				
IV	Memory Management: Basic bare machine, Resident monitor, Multiprogramming with fixed partitions, Multiprogramming with variable partitions, Protection schemes, Paging, Segmentation, Paged segmentation, Virtual memory concepts, Demand paging, Performance of demand paging, Page replacement algorithms, Thrashing, Cache memory organization, Locality of reference.				
V	I/O Management and Disk Scheduling: I/O devices, and I/O subsystems, I/O buffering, Disk storage and disk scheduling, RAID. File System: File concept, File organization and access mechanism, File directories, and File sharing, File system implementation issues, File system protection and security.				
Text bo	oks:				

- 1. Silberschatz, Galvin and Gagne, "Operating Systems Concepts", Wiley
- 2. Sibsankar Halder and Alex A Aravind, "Operating Systems", Pearson Education
- 3. Harvey M Dietel, "An Introduction to Operating System", Pearson Education
- 4. D M Dhamdhere, "Operating Systems : A Concept based Approach", 2nd Edition,
- 5. TMH 5. William Stallings, "Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles", 6th Edition, Pearson Education

	Theory of Automata and Formal Languages (KCS402)				
Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev					
	At the end of course, the student will be able to understand				
CO 1	CO 1 Analyse and design finite automata, pushdown automata, Turing machines, formal languages, and grammars				
CO 2	Analyse and design, Turing machines, formal languages, and grammars	K ₄ , K ₆			
CO 3	Demonstrate the understanding of key notions, such as algorithm, computability, decidability, and complexity through problem solving	K_1, K_5			
CO 4	Prove the basic results of the Theory of Computation.	K ₂ ,K ₃			
CO 5	State and explain the relevance of the Church-Turing thesis.	K_1, K_5			
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0			
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture			
I	Basic Concepts and Automata Theory: Introduction to Theory of Computation- Automata, Computability and Complexity, Alphabet, Symbol, String, Formal Languages, Deterministic Finite Automaton (DFA)- Definition, Representation, Acceptability of a String and Language, Non Deterministic Finite Automaton (NFA), Equivalence of DFA and NFA, NFA with ε-Transition, Equivalence of NFA's with and without ε-Transition, Finite Automata with output- Moore Machine, Mealy Machine, Equivalence of Moore and Mealy Machine, Minimization of Finite Automata, Myhill-Nerode Theorem, Simulation of DFA and NFA				
П	Regular Expressions and Languages: Regular Expressions, Transition Graph, Kleen's Theorem, Finite Automata and Regular Expression- Arden's theorem, Algebraic Method Using Arden's Theorem, Regular and Non-Regular Languages- Closure properties of Regular Languages, Pigeonhole Principle, Pumping Lemma, Application of Pumping Lemma, Decidability- Decision properties, Finite Automata and Regular Languages, Regular Languages and Computers, Simulation of Transition Graph and Regular language.				
Ш	Regular and Non-Regular Grammars: Context Free Grammar(CFG)-Definition, Derivations, Languages, Derivation Trees and Ambiguity, Regular Grammars-Right Linear and Left Linear grammars, Conversion of FA into CFG and Regular grammar into FA, Simplification of CFG, Normal Forms- Chomsky Normal Form(CNF), Greibach Normal Form (GNF), Chomsky Hierarchy, Programming problems based on the properties of CFGs.	08			
IV	Push Down Automata and Properties of Context Free Languages: Nondeterministic Pushdown Automata (NPDA)- Definition, Moves, A Language Accepted by NPDA, Deterministic Pushdown Automata(DPDA) and Deterministic Context free Languages(DCFL), Pushdown Automata for Context Free Languages, Context Free grammars for Pushdown Automata, Two stack Pushdown Automata, Pumping Lemma for CFL, Closure properties of CFL, Decision Problems of CFL, Programming problems based on the properties of CFLs.				
V Text bo	Turing Machines and Recursive Function Theory: Basic Turing Machine Model, Representation of Turing Machines, Language Acceptability of Turing Machines, Techniques for Turing Machine Construction, Modifications of Turing Machine, Turing Machine as Computer of Integer Functions, Universal Turing machine, Linear Bounded Automata, Church's Thesis, Recursive and Recursively Enumerable language, Halting Problem, Post's Correspondence Problem, Introduction to Recursive Function Theory.	08			

- 1. Introduction to Automata theory, Languages and Computation, J.E.Hopcraft, R.Motwani, and Ullman. 2nd edition, Pearson Education Asia
- 2. Introduction to languages and the theory of computation, J Martin, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill
- 3. Elements and Theory of Computation, C Papadimitrou and C. L. Lewis, PHI
- 4. Mathematical Foundation of Computer Science, Y.N.Singh, New Age Internationa

	Web Designing (KIT 401)					
Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev						
At the end of course , the student will be able to understand						
CO 1	Understand principle of Web page design and about types of websites	K ₃ , K ₄				
CO 2	Visualize and Recognize the basic concept of HTML and application in web designing.	K ₁ , K ₂				
CO 3	Recognize and apply the elements of Creating Style Sheet (CSS).	K ₂ , K ₄				
CO 4	Understanding the basic concept of Java Script and its application.	K ₂ , K ₃				
CO 5	I + 1 1 ' + CW I II + ' 1 1 1 1 + COTO	K ₂ , K ₃				
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0				
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture				
I	Introduction: Basic principles involved in developing a web site, Planning process, Domains and Hosting, Responsive Web Designing, Types of Websites (Static and Dynamic Websites), Web Standards and W3C recommendations, Introduction to HTML: What is HTML, HTML Documents, Basic structure of an HTML document, Creating an HTML document, Mark up Tags, Heading-Paragraphs, Line Breaks					
II	Elements of HTML: HTML Tags., Working with Text, Working with Lists, Tables and Frames, Working with Hyperlinks, Images and Multimedia, Working with Forms and controls					
III	Concept of CSS: Creating Style Sheet, CSS Properties, CSS Styling(Background, Text Format, Controlling Fonts), Working with block elements and objects, Working with Lists and Tables, CSS Id and Class Box Model(Introduction Border properties Padding Properties Margin					
IV	Introduction to Client Side Scripting, Introduction to Java Script, Javascript Types, Variables in JS, Operators in JS, Conditions Statements, Java Script Loops, JS Popup Boxes, JS Events, JS Arrays, Working with Arrays, JS Objects, JS Functions, Using Java Script in Real time, Validation of Forms, Related Examples					
V	Web Hosting: Web Hosting Basics, Types of Hosting Packages, Registering domains, Defining Name Servers, Using Control Panel, Creating Emails in Cpanel, Using FTP Client, Maintaining a Website Concepts of SEO: Basics of SEO, Importance of SEO, Onpage Optimization Basics					
Text Bo	ooks:					
1.	Steven M. Schafer, "HTML, XHTML, and CSS Bible, 5ed", Wiley India					
2.	Ian Pouncey, Richard York, "Beginning CSS: Cascading Style Sheets for Web Design", Wiley India					

Operating System Lab (KCS451)

- 1. Study of hardware and software requirements of different operating systems (UNIX,LINUX,WINDOWS XP, WINDOWS7/8
- 2. Execute various UNIX system calls for
 - i. Process management
 - ii. File management
 - iii. Input/output Systems calls
- 3. Implement CPU Scheduling Policies:
 - i. SJF
 - ii. Priority
 - iii. FCFS
 - iv. Multi-level Queue
- 4. Implement file storage allocation technique:
 - i. Contiguous(using array)
 - ii. Linked –list(using linked-list)
 - iii. Indirect allocation (indexing)
- 5. Implementation of contiguous allocation techniques:
 - i. Worst-Fit
 - ii. Best-Fit
 - iii. First-Fit
- 6. Calculation of external and internal fragmentation
 - i. Free space list of blocks from system
 - ii. List process file from the system
- 7. Implementation of compaction for the continually changing memory layout and calculate total movement of data
- 8. Implementation of resource allocation graph RAG)
- 9. Implementation of Banker"s algorithm
- 10. Conversion of resource allocation graph (RAG) to wait for graph (WFG) for each type of method used for storing graph.
- 11. Implement the solution for Bounded Buffer (producer-consumer)problem using inter process communication techniques-Semaphores
- 12. Implement the solutions for Readers-Writers problem using inter process communication technique -Semaphore

Web Designing Lab (KIT451)

- 1. To create a simple html file to demonstrate the use of different tags.
- 2. To create an html file to link to different html page which contains images, tables, and also link within a page.
- 3. To create an html page with different types of frames such as floating frame, navigation frame & mixed frame.
- 4. To create a registration form as mentioned below.

Procedure: Create an html page named as "registration.html"

- a) set background colors
- b) use table for alignment
- c) provide font colors & size
- 5. To create an html file by applying the different styles using inline, external & internal style sheets.
- 6. To write a Javascript program to define a user defined function for sorting the values in an array.
- 7. To create an html page to explain the use of various predefined functions in a string and math object in java script.
- 8. To create an html page to explain the use of various predefined functions in a array & Date object in Javascript.
- 9. To create an html page to demonstrate exception handling in javascript
- 10. To display the calendar using javascript code by getting the year from the user.
- 11. To create a html registration form and to validate the form using javascript code.
- 12. To create a html file. To open new window from the current window using javascript.

- 13. To create an html page to change the background color for every click of a button using javascript.
- 14. To create an html page with 2 combo box populated with month & year, to display the calendar for the selected month & year from combo box using javascript.
- 15. To create a html page to display a new image & text when the mouse comes over the existing content in the page.

Python Language Programming Lab (KCS453)

- 1. To write a python program that takes in command line arguments as input and print the number of arguments.
- 2. To write a python program to perform Matrix Multiplication.
- 3. To write a python program to compute the GCD of two numbers.
- 4. To write a python program to find the most frequent words in a text file.
- 5. To write a python program find the square root of a number (Newton's method).
- 6. To write a python program exponentiation (power of a number).
- 7. To write a python program find the maximum of a list of numbers.
- 8. To write a python program linear search.
- 9. To write a python program Binary search.
- 10. To write a python program selection sort.
- 11. To write a python program Insertion sort.
- 12. To write a python program merge sort.
- 13. To write a python program first n prime numbers.
- 14. To write a python program simulate bouncing ball in Pygame.